

User Manual

PCI-1762

16-ch Relay & 16-ch Isolated Digital Input PCI Card



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Part No. 2003176200 Printed in Taiwan Edition 1 April 2015

Declaration of Conformity

CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

Technical Support and Assistance

- Visit the Advantech web site at www.advantech.com/support where you can find the latest information about the product.
- Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Description of your peripheral attachments
 - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wording of any error messages

Warnings, Cautions and Notes

Warning! Warnings indicate conditions, which if not observed, can cause personal injury!



Caution! Cautions are included to help you avoid damaging hardware or losing data. e.g.



There is a danger of a new battery exploding if it is incorrectly installed. Do not attempt to recharge, force open, or heat the battery. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Note!

Notes provide optional additional information.



Safety Instructions

- Read these safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User Manual for later reference.
- 3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- 4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- 5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- 7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- 9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- 12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- 13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- 14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
- 15. The power cord or plug is damaged.
- 16. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
- 17. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
- 18. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
- 19. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
- 20. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- 21. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -20° C (-4° F) OR ABOVE 60° C (140° F). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.
- 22. CAUTION: DANGER OF EXPLOSION IF BATTERY IS INCORRECTLY REPLACED. REPLACE ONLY WITH THE SAME OR EQUIVALENT TYPE RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER, DISCARD USED BATTERIES ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.
- 23. The sound pressure level at the operator's position according to IEC 704-1:1982 is no more than 70 dB (A).

DISCLAIMER: This set of instructions is given according to IEC 704-1. Advantech disclaims all responsibility for the accuracy of any statements contained herein.

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Chapter

Overview

1.1 Introduction

Thank you for buying the Advantech PCI-1762 DAS card. The Advantech PCI-1762 DAS card is a 16-ch relay actuator and 16-ch isolated digital input card for the PCI bus.

Its sixteen on-board SPDT relays are ideal for applications such as device ON/OFF control or small power switched. For easy monitoring, each relay is equipped with one red LED to show its ON/OFF status.

The PCI-1762's sixteen optically-isolated digital input channels are ideal for digital input in noisy environments or with floating potentials.

1.1.1 PCI-1762 16-ch Isolated Digital Input and 16-ch Relay Output Card

The following sections of this chapter will provide further information about features of the DAS cards, a Quick Start for installation, together with some brief information on software and accessories for the PCI-1762 card.

1.2 Features

- 16 relay output channels and 16 isolated digital input channels
- LED indicators to show activated relays
- Jumper selectable Form A/Form B-type relay output channel
- Output status read-back
- Keep relay output values when hot system reset
- High-voltage isolation on input channels (2,500 V_{DC})
- High ESD protection (2,000 V_{DC})
- High over-voltage protection (70 V_{DC})
- Wide input range (10 ~ 50 V_{DC})
- Interrupt handling capability
- High-density DB-62 connector
- Board ID

The Advantech PCI-1762 offers the following main features:

Robust Protection

The PCI-1762 digital input channels feature a robust isolation protection for industrial, lab and machinery automation applications. It durably withstands voltage up to 2,500 V_{DC} , preventing your host system from any incidental harms. If connected to an external input source with surge-protection, the PCI-1762 can offer up to a maximum of 2,000 V_{DC} ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) protection. Even with an input voltage rising up to 70 V_{DC} , the PCI-1762 can still manage to work properly albeit only for short period of time.

Wide Input Range

The PCI-1762 has a wide range of input voltage from 10 to 50 V_{DC} , and it is suitable for most industrial applications with 12 V_{DC} , 24 V_{DC} and 48 V_{DC} input voltage.

Board ID

The PCI-1762 has a built-in DIP switch that helps define each card's ID when multiple PCI-1762 cards have been installed on the same PC chassis. The board ID setting function is very useful when users build their system with multiple PCI-1762

cards. With the correct Board ID settings, the user can easily identify and access each card during hardware configuration and software programming.

Reset Protection Fulfills Requirement for Industrial Applications

When the system has undergone a hot reset (i.e. without turning off the system power), the PCI-1762 can either retain outputs values of each channel, or return to its default configuration as open status, depending on its on-board jumper setting. This function protects the system from wrong operations during unexpected system resets.

Plug-and-Play Function

The PCI-1762 is a Plug-and-Play device, which fully complies with PCI Specification Rev 2.2. During card installation, there is no need to set jumpers or DIP switches. Instead, all bus-related configurations such as base I/O address and interrupt are automatically done by the Plug-and-Play function.

1.3 Applications

- Industrial On/Off control
- Switch status sensing
- Digital I/O control
- Industrial and lab automation
- SMT/PCB machinery
- Semi-conductor machinery
- PC-based Industrial Machinery
- Testing & Measurement
- Laboratory & Education
- External relay driving

1.4 Installation Guide

Before you install your PCI-1762 card, please make sure you have the following necessary components:

- PCI-1762 card
- PCI-1762 User's Manual
- Driver software Advantech DLL drivers (included in the companion CD-ROM)
- Wiring cable PCL-10162 (optional)
- Wiring board ADAM-3962 (optional)
- Personal computer or workstation with a PCI interface (running Windows 8 (desktop mode), 7 and XP)
- Application software DAQ Navi, LabView or other 3rd-party software

After you get the necessary components and maybe some of the accessories for enhanced operation of your Multifunction card, you can then begin the Installation procedures.

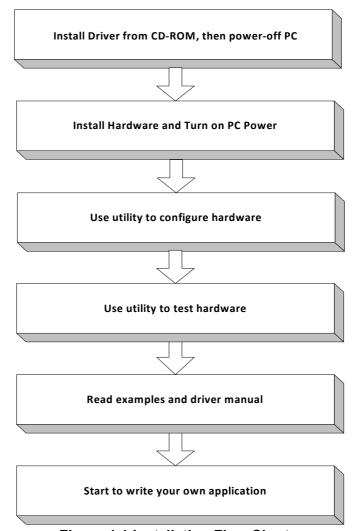


Figure 1.1 Installation Flow Chart

1.5 Software Overview

Advantech offers a rich set of DLL drivers, third-party driver support and application software to help fully exploit the functions of your PCI-1762 card:

- Personal computer or workstation with a PCI interface (running Windows 8 (desktop mode), 7 and XP)
- Application software DAQ Navi, LabView or other 3rd-party software

Programming choices for DA&C cards

You may use Advantech application software such as Advantech Device Drivers. On the other hand, advanced users can use register-level programming, although this is not recommended due to its laborious and time-consuming nature.

DAQNavi Software

Advantech DAQNavi software includes device drivers and SDK which features a complete I/O function library to help boost your application performance. This software is included in the companion DVD-ROM at no extra charge and comes with all Advantech DA&C cards. The Advantech DAQNavi software for Windows XP/7/8 (desktop mode) works seamlessly with development tools such as Visual Studio .Net, Visual C++, Visual Basic and Borland Delphi.

1.6 Accessories

Advantech offers a complete set of accessory products to support the PCI-1762 cards. These accessories include:

Wiring Cable

The PCL-10162 shielded cable is specially designed for PCI-1762 cards to provide high resistance to noise. To achieve a better signal quality, the signal wires are twisted in such a way as to form a "twisted-pair cable", reducing cross-talk and noise from other signal sources. Furthermore, its analog and digital lines are separately sheathed and shielded to neutralize EMI/EMC problems. Advantech provides 1 m, 3m and 5m cables for different user requirements.

Wiring Board

The ADAM-3962 is a D-Sub 62-pin wiring terminal module for DIN-rail mounting. This terminal module can be readily connected to the Advantech PC-Lab cards and allow easy yet reliable access to individual pin connections for the PCI-1762 card.

Chapter

Installation

2.1 Unpacking

After receiving your PCI-1762 package, please inspect ita contents first. The package should contain the following items:

- PCI-1762 card
- Companion CD-ROM (DLL driver included)
- Startup Manual

2.2 Switch and Jumper Settings

The PCI-1762 card has one function switch and two jumper settings. The following sections tell how to configure the card. You may want to refer to the figure below for help in identifying card components.

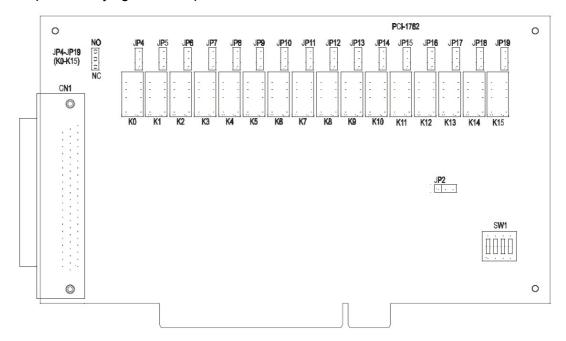


Figure 2.1 Card Connector, Jumper and Switch Locations

Table 2.1: Summa	ry of Jumper Se	ttings
Names of Jumpers	Function Description	١
JP4 ~ 19	NO O	Sets relay output to be normally open
	NC O	
	NO O	Sets relay output to be normally closed
JP2	D000	Keep last status after hot reset
	D000	Default configuration

Board ID (SW1)

The PCI-1762 has a built-in DIP switch (SW1), which is used to define each card's board ID. When there are multiple cards on the same chassis, this board ID switch is useful for identifying each card's device number.

After setting each PCI-1762, you can identify each card in system with different device numbers. The default value of board ID is 0 and if you need to adjust it to other value, please set the SW1 by referring to Table 2.2.

Table 2.2: E	Board ID Settin	g (SW1)		
SW1	Position 1	Position 2	Position 3	Position 4
Board ID	ID3	ID2	ID1	ID0
0	ON	ON	ON	ON
1	ON	ON	ON	OFF
2	ON	ON	OFF	ON
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
4	ON	OFF	ON	ON
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
6	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
7	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
8	OFF	ON	ON	ON
9	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
11	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
13	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
14	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
15	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

Default Setting 0

Setting relay outputs to be NC/NO

Sixteen relay outputs, $K0 \sim K15$, are single-pole single-throw (SPST), which can be jumper set as either normally open (NO) or normally close (NC) (see Table 2.3). The default settings for $K0 \sim K15$ are normally open.

umper settings for relay
Corresponding Jumper
JP4
JP5
JP6
JP7
JP8
JP9
JP10
JP11
JP12
JP13
JP14
JP15
JP16
JP17
JP18
JP19

Setting the time to reset the relay outputs

Some users will want the capability of clearing each relay output when the system (or PC) issues a reset signal on the PCI bus. Some users will want to clear their relays only as part of system power-on.

The PCI-1762 satisfies both these needs by providing jumper JP2. Depending on the application, this capability may allow relay outputs to be "OFF" without requiring a complete shutdown of processes controlled by the card.

Complete loss of power to the chip clears the chip memory. Thus, no matter how JP2 is set, if the power to the PCI-1762 is disconnected, the relay initial power-on state will be "OFF" (NC or NO, depending on the user's settings).

2.3 I/O Connectors

IDI0 ~ IDI3:	21 R0_OUT 42 R6 OUT	
Isolated digital input of Group 0	R11_OUT 62 ₄₁ 20 R0_COM _{41 D6 COM}	
IDI4 ~ IDI7: Isolated digital input of Group 1 IDI8 ~ IDI11: Isolated digital input of Group 2 IDI12 ~ IDI15:	R11_COM	l I
Isolated digital input of Group 3	R15_001 54 33 IZ R4_C0M 33 R10 C0I	
ECOM0: External common input of Group 0 ECOM1: External common input of Group 1 ECOM2: External common input of Group 2 ECOM3: External common input of Group 3	R15_COM	
NC: No connection		

Figure 2.2 I/O connector pin assignments for the PCI-1762

2.4 Hardware Installation

After the device driver installation is completed, you can now go on to install the PCI-1762 card in any PCI slot on your computer. But it is suggested that you should refer to the computer user manual or related documentation if you have any doubt. Please follow the steps below to install the card on your system.

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord and cables. TURN OFF your computer before installing or removing any components on the computer.
- 2. Remove the cover of your computer.
- 3. Remove the slot cover on the back panel of your computer.
- 4. Touch the metal part on the surface of your computer to neutralize the static electricity that might be on your body.
- 5. Insert the 1762 card into a PCI slot. Hold the card only by its edges and carefully align it with the slot. Insert the card firmly into place. Use of excessive force must be avoided, otherwise the card might be damaged.
- 6. Fasten the bracket of the PCI card on the back panel rail of the computer with screws.
- 7. Connect appropriate accessories (62-pin cable, wiring terminals, etc. if necessary) to the PCI card.
- 8. Replace the cover of your computer chassis. Re-connect the cables you removed in step 2.
- 9. Plug in the power cord and turn on the computer.

After your card is properly installed on your system, you can now configure your device using the Device Installation Program that has itself already been installed on your system during driver setup. A complete device installation procedure should include device setup, configuration and testing. The following sections will guide you through the Setup, Configuration and Testing of your device.

2.5 Device Setup & Configuration

The Advantech Navigator program is a utility that allows you to set up, configure and test your device, and later stores your settings on the system registry. These settings will be used when you call the APIs of Advantech Device Drivers.

Setting Up the Device

- To install the I/O device for your card, you must first run the Advantech Navigator program (by accessing Start/Programs/Advantech Automation/DAQNavi/Advantech Navigator).
- 2. You can then view the device(s) already installed on your system (if any) on the Installed Devices list box. If the software and hardware installation are completed, you will see PCI-1762 card in the Installed Devices list.

Configuring the Device

- 3. Please go to the Device Setting to configure your device. you can configure the ID0/ID8 Interrupt trigger mode either as Rising Edge or Falling Edge, and Enable of Disable the ID0/ID8.
- 4. After your card is properly installed and configured, you can go to the Device Test page to test your hardware by using the testing utility supplied.

Chapter

Signal Connections

3.1 Overview

Maintaining signal connections is one of the most important factors in ensuring that your application system is sending and receiving data correctly. A good signal connection can avoid unnecessary and costly damage to your PC and other hardware devices. This chapter provides useful information about how to connect input and output signals to the PCI-1762 via the I/O connector.

3.2 Isolated Digital Input Connections

The PCI-1762 has 16 isolated digital input channels designated IDI0~IDI15.

Each of isolated digital input channel accepts $10\sim50~V_{DC}$ voltage inputs, and accept bi-directional input. It means that you can apply positive or negative voltage to an isolated input pin (V_{in}). The figure below shows how to connect an external input source to one of the card's isolated input channels.

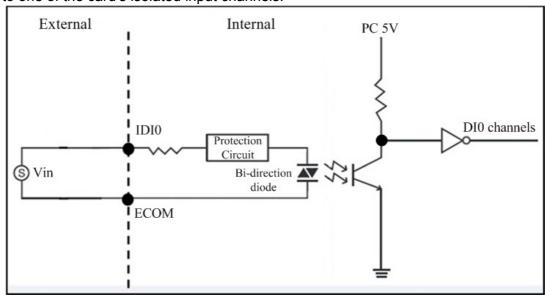


Figure 3.1 Isolated Digital Input Connections

3.3 Relay Connections

After power on, the initial relay output status of PCI-1762 is shown as below:

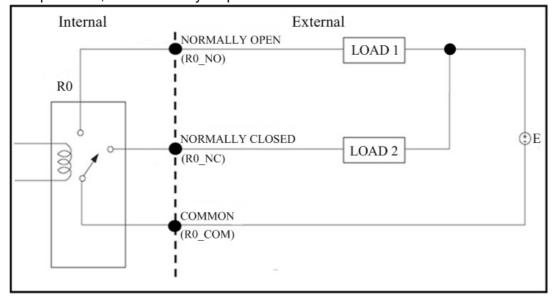


Figure 3.2 Relay Output Connection

A write operation to I/O address, BASE +0, will change the output status of each relay. For example, if Bit 0 of BASE +0 is set "1" (logic high), relay 0, K0, will switch from position "NORMALLY CLOSED", NC0, to position "NORMALLY OPEN", NO0. This means that LOAD2 will be de-energized, while LOAD1 is energized.

To summarize, the "COMMON" line connect to the "NORMALLY CLOSED" line, if the corresponding bit is set as 0 (power-on initial status). Otherwise, if the corresponding bit is set as 1, then the "COMMON" line will connect to the "NORMALLY OPEN" line.

Appendix A

Specifications

A.1 Specifications

Table A.1: Isolated Digital Input					
Number of Input Channels	16				
Interrupt Inputs	2 (IDI0,IDI8)				
Optical Isolation	2500V _{DC}				
Optical isolator response time	100μs				
Input Resistance	5.7KΩ @1W				
Over Voltage Protection	70 V _{DC}				
	$V_{IH}(max.) = 50 V_{DC}$				
Input Voltage	$V_{IH}(min.) = 10 V_{DC}$				
	$V_{IL}(max.) = 3 V_{DC}$				
	1.6 mA @10 V _{DC} (typical)				
	1.9 mA @12 V _{DC} (typical)				
Input Current	4.1 mA @24 V _{DC} (typical)				
	8.5 mA @48 V _{DC} (typical)				
	8.9 mA @50 V _{DC} (typical)				

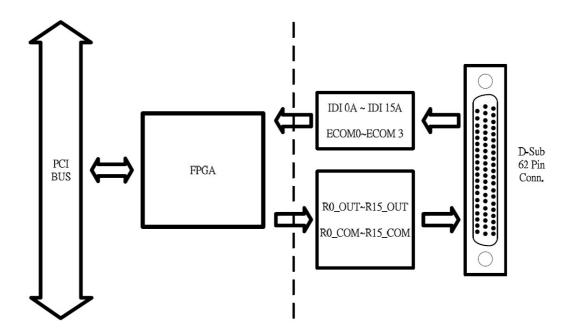
Table A.2: Relay Output								
Number of Output Cha	annels	16						
Relay Type		SPDT (Form A or Form B, Jumper selectable)						
Contact Rating (resist	ive)	0.5 A @ 250 V _{AC} , 0.5 A@30 V _{DC}						
Max. Switching Power	·	125 VA, 15 W						
Max. Switching Voltag	е	250V _{AC} , 220V _{DC}						
Resistance		50mΩ max.						
Breakdown Voltage	Between Coil and Contacts	1500V _{AC}						
	Between Open Contacts	1000V _{AC}						
	Between Adjacent Contacts	1000V _{AC}						
Operating Time		Typical: 3 ms, Max.: 5 ms						
Release Time		Typical: 2 ms, Max.: 4 ms						
Life Expectancy		2 x 10 ⁵ cycles min. @ 0.5A/250 V _{AC}						

Table A.3: General Specifications						
62-pin D-type female						
175 mm x 100 mm (6.9" x 3.9")						
+5V @ 250 mA (typical) +5V @ 620 mA (max.)						
Operating	0 ~ +60°C (32 ~ 140°F)					
Storage	-20 ~ +70°C (-4 ~ 158°F)					
5 - 95 % RH non-condensing						
CE/FCC						
	62-pin D-type female 175 mm x 100 mm (6 +5V @ 250 mA (typic +5V @ 620 mA (max Operating Storage 5 - 95 % RH non-con					

Appendix B

Block Diagram

B.1 Block Diagram



Appendix C

Register Structure and Format

C.1 Overview

The PCI-1762 is delivered with an easy-to-use driver for user programming under the Windows and Linux operating systems. We advise users to program the PCI-1762 using the driver provided by Advantech to avoid the complexity of low-level programming by register. The most important consideration in programming the PCI-1762 the register level is to understand the function of the card's registers. The information in the following sections is provided only for users who would like to do their own low-level programming.

C.2 I/O Port Address Map

The PCI-1762 requires 32 consecutive addresses in the PC's I/O space. The address of each register is specified as an offset from the card's base address. For example, BASE+0 is the card's base address and BASE+7 is the base address plus seven bytes.

Table C-1 shows the function of each register of the PCI-1762 or driver and its address relative to the card's base address.

Tab	le C	.1: 1	Regi	ster	Fu	nctio	ons										
Base Add + De mal	r,	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	R	Rela	y Ou	tput	Statu	s									•		
0		RS 15	RS 146	RS 13	RS 12	RS 11	RS 10	RS 9	RS 8	RS 7	RS 6	RS 5	RS 4	RS 3	RS 2	RS 1	RS 0
	W	Rela	y Ou	tput													
		RO 15	RO 14	RO 13	RO 12	RO 11	RO 10	RO 9	RO 8	RO 7	RO 6	RO 5	RO 4	RO 3	RO 2	RO 1	RO 0
	R	Isola	ated [Digita	l Inpi	ut	•	•				•			•		
2		IDI 15	IDI 14	IDI 13	IDI 12	IDI 11	IDI 10	IDI 9	IDI 8	IDI 7	IDI 6	IDI 5	IDI 4	IDI 3	IDI 2	IDI 1	IDI0
	W	N/A	ı	ı	ı												
										-	•		-	-		-	
	R	Boa	rd ID	Regi	ster												
4														ID3	ID2	ID1	ID0
	W	N/A															
										1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	
	R	Inter	rupt	Statu	s Re	giste		T	1								
6							ID8 RF	ID8 EN	ID8 F						ID0 RF	ID0 EN	ID0 F
	W	Inter	rupt	Conti	rol Re	egiste	er										
							ID8 RF	ID8 EN	ID8 CL R						ID0 RF	ID0 EN	ID0 CL R

C.3 C.3 Relay I/O Registers - BASE+0H and BASE+1H

The PCI-1762 offers 16-ch relay Actuators. These I/O channels use the input and output ports at addresses **BASE+0** and **BASE+1**.

Table C.2: Register for Relay Output Status								
Read	Relay (Output St	atus					
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
BASE +1	RS15	RS14	RS13	RS12	RS11	RS10	RS9	RS8
BASE +0	RS7	RS6	RS5	RS4	RS3	RS2	RS1	RS0

Table C.3: Register for Relay Output								
Write	Relay Output							
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
BASE +1	RO15	RO14	RO13	RO12	RO11	RO10	RO9	RO8
BASE +0	RO7	RO6	RO5	RO4	RO3	RO2	RO1	RO0

Note!



The default configuration of the digital output channels is a logic 0. This avoids damaging external devices during system start-up or reset since the power on status is set to the default value.

C.4 Isolated Digital Input Registers - BASE+2H and BASE+3H

The PCI-1762 offers 16-ch isolated digital input channels. These channels use the input ports at addresses **BASE+2** and **BASE+3**.

Register for Isolated Digital Input									
Read	Isolated Digital Input								
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BASE +3	IDI15	IDI14	IDI13	IDI12	IDI11	IDI10	IDI9	IDI8	
BASE +2	IDI7	IDI6	IDI5	IDI4	IDI3	IDI2	IDI1	IDI0	

C.5 Board ID - BASE+4H

The PCI-1762 offers Board ID register **BASE+4**. With correct Board ID settings, user can easily identify and access each card during hardware configuration and software programming.

Table C.4: Register for Board ID									
Read	Board ID								
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BASE +4					BD3	BD2	BD1	BD0	

BD3 ~ DB0 Board ID

BD0 LSB of the Board ID BD3 MSB of the Board ID

C.6 Interrupt Status Register - BASE+6H and BASE+7H

The **Interrupt Status Register** control the status of two interrupt signal sources (IDI0 and IDI8).

Table C.5: Register for Interrupt Status									
Read	Interrupt Status Register								
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BASE +7						ID8RF	ID8EN	ID8F	
BASE +6						ID0RF	ID0EN	ID0F	

IDnF Interrupt flag bits (n = 0 or 8)

This bit is a flag indicating the status of an interrupt. User can read this bit to get the status of the interrupt

0 No interrupt

1 Interrupt occurred

IDnEN Interrupt enable control bits (n = 0 or 8)

Read this bit to Enable/Disable the interrupt.

0 Disable1 Enable

IDnRF Interrupt triggering control bits (n = 0 or 8)

The interrupt can be triggered by a rising edge or falling edge of the interrupt signal, as determined by the value in this bit.

Rising edge trigger

1 Falling edge trigger

C.7 Interrupt Control Register - BASE+6H and **BASE+7H**

The Interrupt Control Register control the status of two interrupt signal sources (IDIO and IDI8). The user can clear the interrupt by writing its corresponding value to the Interrupt Control Register, as shown in below table.

Table C.6: Register for Interrupt Control									
Write	e Interrupt Control Register								
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BASE +7						ID8RF	ID8EN	ID8CLR	
BASE +6						ID0RF	ID0EN	ID0CLR	

IDnCLR Interrupt clear control bits (n = 0 or 8)

This bit must first be cleared to service the next inter

rupt.

0 Don't care

1 Clear the interrupt

IDnEN Interrupt enable control bits (n = 0 or 8)

Set this bit to Enable/Disable the interrupt.

0 Disable

Enable

IDnRF Interrupt triggering control bits (n = 0 or 8)

The interrupt can be triggered by a rising edge or falling edge of the interrupt signal, as determined by the value in this bit.

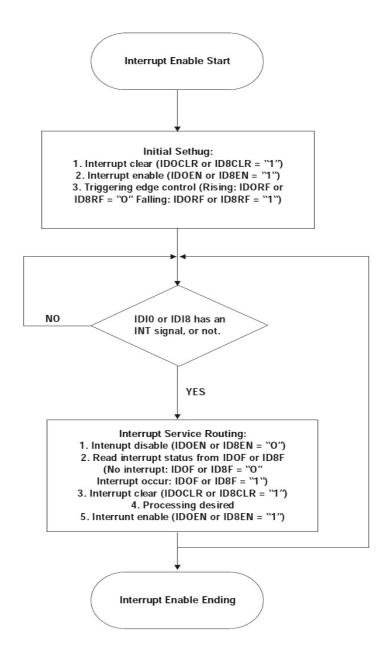
0 Rising edge trigger 1 Falling edge trigger

Appendix D

Flow Chart

D.1 Flow Chart

To write a command or confirm the command status, please follow the follow chart below.





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