# IMC-21A Quick Installation Guide

#### **Moxa Industrial Media Converter**

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#### Overview

The Moxa Industrial Media Converter IMC-21A series consists of entrylevel 10/100BaseT(X) to 100BaseFX media converters that provide a cost-effective solution, and are specially designed for reliable and stable operations in harsh industrial environments.

## NOTE Throughout this Hardware Installation Guide, we use IMC as an abbreviation for Industrial Media Converter: IMC = Industrial Media Converter

#### Package Checklist

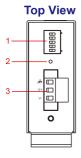
Moxa's IMC-21A is shipped with the following items. If any of these items is missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

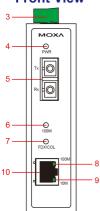
- IMC-21A media converter
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card

#### Features

- Power inputs: 12 to 48 VDC
- The TP port's connection speed, Half/Full-duplex mode and Force/Auto mode are all DIP switch selectable
- The fiber port's Half/Full-duplex mode is DIP switch selectable
- Supports Link Fault Pass-Through (LFP)
- DIN-rail mountable
- Multimode and single-mode models with SC or ST fiber connectors are available
- Operating temperature range from -40 to 75°C (T models)

#### **Panel Layout**

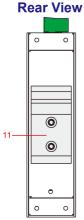




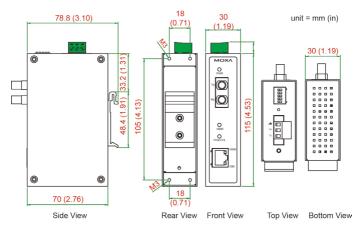
Front View

- 1. DIP switch
- 2. Reset button
- 3. Terminal block for power input and grounding
- 4. Power input LED
- 5. 100BaseFX (SC/ST connector) port
- 6. FX port's 100 Mbps LED
- 7. FX port's FDX/COL LED
- 8. TP port's 100 Mbps LED
- 9. TP port's 10 Mbps LED
- 10. 10/100BaseT(X) port
- 11. DIN-rail kit

**NOTE:** The IMC-21A series includes the IMC-21A-M-SC, IMC-21A-M-ST, and IMC-21A-S-SC.

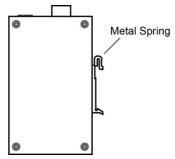


## **Mounting Dimensions**



#### **DIN-Rail Mounting**

The aluminum DIN-rail attachment plate should be fixed to the back panel of the IMC-21A when you take it out of the box. If you need to reattach the DIN-rail attachment plate to the IMC-21A, make sure the stiff metal spring is situated towards the top.



#### **Wiring Requirements**



## ATTENTION

#### Safety First!

- Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your Moxa IMC.
- Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowed for each wire size.
- If the current goes above the allowed maximum, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

- Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.
- Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring in the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.
- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring that shares similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
- Keep input wiring and output wiring separated.
- We strongly advise that you label wiring to all devices in the system.

#### Grounding the Moxa IMC



Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the rightmost connector of the 3-contact terminal block to the grounding surface before connecting the devices.





Front View



## ATTENTION

This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface such as a metal panel.

#### Wiring the Power Inputs

The two leftmost contacts of the 3-contact terminal block connector on the IMC's top panel are used for the IMC's DC inputs. Take the following steps to wire the IMC's DC power inputs:







Front View

**STEP 1:** Insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals.

**STEP 2:** To keep the DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

**STEP 3:** Insert the plastic terminal block connector prongs into the terminal block receptor, which is located on IMC's top panel.

## **Communication Connections**

#### **RJ45 Ethernet Port Connection**

The IMC-21A has one 10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet port located on the front panel for connecting to Ethernet-enabled devices.

Pinouts and cable wiring diagrams for both MDI (NIC-type) and MDI-X (HUB/switch-type) ports for both straight-through and crossover Ethernet cables are shown below:

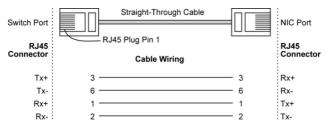
MDI Port Pinouts			
Pin Signal			
1	Tx+		
2	Tx-		
3	Rx+		
6	Rx-		

<b>MDI-X Port Pinouts</b>				
Pin	Signal			
1	Rx+			
2	Rx-			
3	Tx+			
6	Tx-			

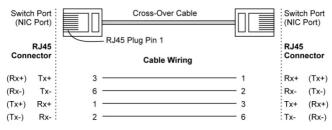




#### Straight-Through Cable Wiring



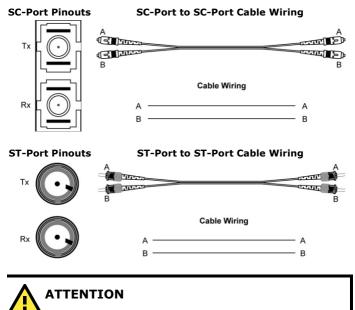
#### **CrossOver Cable Wiring**



#### **Fiber Optic Port Connection**

The concept behind the SC/ST port and cable is quite straightforward. Suppose you are connecting devices I and II. Contrary to electrical signals, optical signals do not require a circuit in order to transmit data. Consequently, one of the optical lines is used to transmit data from device I to device II, and the other optical line is used transmit data from device II to device I, for full-duplex transmission.

All you need to remember is to connect the Tx (transmit) port of device I to the Rx (receive) port of device II, and the Rx (receive) port of device I to the Tx (transmit) port of device II. If you make your own cables, we suggest labeling the two sides of the same line with the same letter (A-to-A and B-to-B, as shown below, or A1-to-A2 and B1-to-B2).



This is a Class 1 Laser/LED product. To avoid causing serious damage to your eyes, do not stare directly into the laser beam.

## **DIP Switch Settings**



DIP No.	Function	ON	OFF (Default setting)			
	Force Fiber Port Duplex	Half-duplex	Full-duplex			
1	"OFF": Forces Full-duplex on Fiber port.					
	"ON": Forces Half-duplex	on Fiber port.				
	Link Fault Pass Through	Disable	Enable			
	"OFF": Enables "Link Faul	t Pass Through",	, the link status on			
2	the TX port will inform the	e FX port of the	same device and			
-	vice versa.					
	"ON": Disables "Link Fault		the link status on			
	the TX port will not inform		1			
	Force TP Duplex	Half-duplex	Full-duplex			
3	(Only when Auto Negotiation (DIP 5) is disabled) "OFF": Forces Full-duplex on Ethernet port.					
5						
	"ON": Forces Half-duplex on Ethernet port.					
	Force TP Speed	10Mbps	100Mbps			
4	(Only when Auto Negotiation (DIP 5) is disabled)					
	"OFF": Forces 100Mbps on Ethernet port.					
	"ON": Forces 10Mbps on Ethernet port.					
	Auto Negotiation	Disable	Enable			
	"OFF": Enables "Auto Negotiation" function; the speed ar					
	duplex states for each port link segment are automatically					
5	configured using the highest performance interoperation					
	mode.					
	"ON": Disables "Auto Negotiation" function; the speed and					
	duplex states depend on the DIP 3 & 4 configuration.					

After changing the DIP switch setting, you will need to power off and then power on the IMC-21A, or use a pointed object to hold the reset button down for five seconds to activate the new setting.

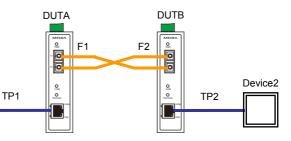
### **LED Indicators**

The front panel of the Moxa IMC contains several LED indicators. The function of each LED is described in the table below.

LED	Color	State Description		
	On	Power is being supplied to the power		
PWR	AMBER	UII	input.	
FWK	AMDLK	Off	Power is not being supplied to the	
		UII	power input.	
100M		On	FX port's 100 Mbps link is active.	
(FX)	GREEN	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 100 Mbps.	
(1 \)		Off	FX Port's 100 Mbps link is inactive.	
		On	100BaseFX port is transmitting in full-	
			duplex mode.	
FDX/COL (FX)	GREEN	Blinking	A data collision has occurred.	
$(1 \times)$	(FX)	Off	100BaseFX port is transmitting in half-	
			duplex mode.	
100M		On	TP port's 100 Mbps link is active.	
(TP)	GREEN	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 100 Mbps.	
(1P)		Off	TP port's 100 Mbps link is inactive.	
1014	GREEN	1014		TP port's 10 Mbps link is active.
10M		Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 10 Mbps.	
(TP)		Off	TP port's 10 Mbps link is inactive.	

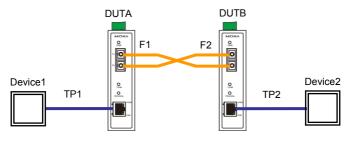
#### LFP: DIP switch is set to "LFP" mode

Device1



	Device 1	DUTA TP	DUTA FO	DUTB FO	DUTB TP	Device 2
	TP LED	LNK LED	LED	LED	LNK LED	TP LED
TP1 Faulted	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
F1 Faulted	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
F2 Faulted	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
TP2 Faulted	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

#### LFP: DIP switch is set to "DIS" mode



	Device 1	DUTA TP	DUTA FO	DUTB FO	DUTB TP	Device 2
	TP LED	LNK LED	LED	LED	LNK LED	TP LED
TP1	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON
Faulted	UFF	UFF	UN	UN	UN	ON
F1 Faulted	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
F2 Faulted	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
TP2	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Faulted	UN	ON	UN	UN	UFF	UFF

#### Auto MDI/MDI-X Connection

The Auto MDI/MDI-X function allows users to connect the Moxa IMC's 10/100BaseT(X) ports to any kind of Ethernet device, regardless of the type of Ethernet cable used for the connection. This means that you can use either a *straight-through* cable or *crossover* cable to connect the IMC to Ethernet devices.

#### **Dual Speed Functionality and Switching**

The Moxa IMC's 10/100 Mbps switched RJ45 port auto negotiates with the connected device for the fastest data transmission rate supported by both devices. All models of Moxa IMC are plug-and-play devices, so that software configuration is not required during installation or maintenance. The half-/full-duplex mode for the switched RJ45 ports is user dependent and changes (by auto-negotiation) to full- or halfduplex, depending on which transmission speed is supported by the attached device.

#### Autonegotiation and Speed Sensing

The IMC-21A series' RJ45 Ethernet port supports autonegotiation in 10BaseT and 100BaseT(X) modes, with operation governed by the IEEE 802.3u standard. This means that some nodes could be operating at 10 Mbps, while at the same time, other nodes are operating at 100 Mbps.

Autonegotiation takes place when an RJ45 cable connection is made; each time a LINK is enabled. The Moxa IMC advertises its capability for using either 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps transmission speeds, with the device at the other end of the cable expected to advertise similarly. Depending on which type of device is connected, the devices will agree to operate at either 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

If a Moxa IMC's RJ45 Ethernet port is connected to a non-negotiating device, it will default to 10 Mbps speed and half-duplex mode, as required by the IEEE 802.3u standard.

## Specifications

Technology					
Standards	IEEE802.3, 802.3u, 802.3x				
Interface			-,		
RJ45 Port	10/100BaseT(X)				
Fiber Port		BaseFX (SC, S	ST connector	s avail	able)
LED Indicators		er, 10/100M			,
		COL (Fiber p			
DIP Switch	The	following are	DIP switch s	electal	ole:
	TP p	ort's connect	ion speed, H	alf-/Fu	ll-duplex mode,
	and	Force/Auto m	node		
	Fiber	connection's	s Half-/Full-d	luplex i	mode
	Link	Fault Pass-T	hrough (LFP)	)	
Fiber Optics					
		Multi	mode	5	Single-mode
		(100Ba	aseFX)	(	100BaseFX)
Distance, km		ш)	5		40
Wavelength, nm		13	00		1310
Min. Tx Output, dl		-2	20		-5
Max. Tx Output, d	Bm	-1	.0		0
Sensitivity, dBm		-3 to	-32		-3 to -34
<b>Power Requirem</b>	nents	1			
Input Voltage	12 to	0 48 VDC			
Power	M-SC	C:	M-ST:		S-SC:
Consumption		mA @ 12 V	265 mA @ 3	12 V	255 mA @ 12 V
	130	mA @ 24 V	135 mA @ 2	24 V	130 mA @ 24 V
		nA @ 48 V	75 mA @ 48		70 mA @ 48 V
Connection	Removable 3-contact terminal block				
Overload Current					
Protection					
Reverse Polarity	Pres	ent			
Protection					
	haracteristics				
Casing	IP30 protected, metal case				
Dimensions	30 × 115 × 70 mm (1.19 x 4.53 x 2.76 in)				
Weight	170 g				
Installation	DIN-rail mounting				
Environmental Limits					
Operating	Standard models: -10 to 60°C (14 to 140°F)				
Temperature	Wide temp. models: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)				
Storage	-40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)				
Temperature					
Ambient Relative	5 to 95% (non-condensing)				
Humidity					

Regulatory Approvals		
Safety	UL 60950-1	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR 32 class A	
EMS	EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 3	
	EN 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 2	
	EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 2	
	EN 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 2	
	EN 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 2	
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27	
Free Fall	IEC 60068-2-32	
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6	
Warranty	5 years	

#### Federal Communications Commission Statement

FCC—This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



## FCC WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.