# ICF-1150 Series Quick Installation Guide 

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## Technical Support Contact Information

www.moxa.com/support

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Moxa Americas:
Toll-free: 1-888-669-2872
Tel: 1-714-528-6777
Moxa China (Shanghai office):
Toll-free: 800-820-5036
Fax: 1-714-528-6778
Moxa Europe:
Tel: +49-89-3 70 03 99-0 Tel: +886-2-8919-1230
Moxa Asia-Pacific:
Fax: +49-89-3 70 03 99-99 Fax: +886-2-8919-1231
Moxa India:
Tel: +91-80-4172-9088
Fax: +91-80-4132-1045
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## Overview

## Introduction

ICF-1150 series fiber converters have a multi-interface circuit that can handle RS-232 and RS-422/485 serial interfaces, as well as multi-mode or single-mode fiber. ICF-1150 series converters extend serial transmission distance up to 5 km (ICF-1150-M, with multi-mode fiber) or up to 40 km (ICF-1150-S, with single-mode fiber).

## Why Convert Serial to Fiber?

Fiber communication not only extends the communication distance, but also provides many advantageous features.

IMMUNITY FROM ELECTRICAL INTERFERENCE: Fiber is not affected by electromagnetic interference and radio frequency interference. It provides a clean communication path and is immune to cross-talk.

INSULATION: Optical fiber is an insulator; the glass fiber eliminates the need for using electric currents as the communications medium.

SECURITY: Fiber cannot be tapped by conventional electronic means and is very difficult to tap into optically. Furthermore, radio and satellite communication signals can be captured easily for decoding.

RELIABILITY \& MAINTENANCE: Fiber is immune to adverse temperature and moisture conditions, does not corrode or lose its signal, and is not affected by short circuits, power surges, or static electricity.

## Reverse Power Protection

The Reverse Power Protection feature provides extra protection against accidentally connecting the power cables to the wrong terminal. The converter is designed to detect automatically which power wire is positive and which is negative, and then adjust the power supply accordingly.

## 3-Way Communication

The ICF-1150 series supports 2 serial ports. The D-sub connector is for RS-232 communication and the removable terminal block is for RS-422 or RS-485 communication. The 3 ports ( 2 serial ports and one fiber port) are completely independent. When the ICF-1150 series converters receive data from any port, it will send data out through the other 2 ports. For example, when the ICF-1150 series converters receive a command from the remote Master via the fiber port, it will convert the command and transmit it via the RS-232 port and RS-422/485 port at the same time. So if the user is trying to monitor a system running on the RS-485 network, there is no need to use an additional RS-232 to RS-485 converter to connect the laptop computer's serial port to the RS-485 bus.

## ATTENTION

The ICF-1150 is designed to receive data from one port and send data to the other ports. If the ICF-1150 receives data from 2 ports at the same time, a data error may occur on all of the RX ports.

## Rotary Switch for Setting the Pull High/Low Resistor

Since the RS-485 port can support multi-drop connections or daisy-chain connections, system engineers can connect meters, RTUs, readers, and many other devices together on the same bus. The impedance of the data line will rise according to the number of serial devices on the same bus. To get the system working, the ICF-1150 has a setting for tuning the pull high/low resistor. Just turn the dial to find the best resistor value for the system without removing the ICF-1150 from the DIN rail. (The
 default settings are 1 k for both switches.)

Pull High/Low Resistor

| Position | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ohms | 150 k | 10 k | 4.7 k | 3.3 k | 1 k | 909 | 822 | 770 | 500 | 485 |

## DIP Switch for Selectable Terminator

The termination resistor for many products of this type is set by a jumper located inside the product's casing. To disable or change the resistor's strength, the user must open the casing to reset the jumper. Moxa offers a more user-friendly solution that allows users to set the termination resistor with a DIP switch located outside the ICF-1150 converter's casing.

## No Configuration Required for Baudrate Settings

The ICF-1150 works under any baudrate from 50 bps to 921.6 kbps . The ICF-1150 simply converts the signal back and forth between serial (RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485) and fiber. Since the ICF-1150 does not need to interpret the signal, it does not need to know the baudrate of the transmitting device. For this reason, the ICF-1150 does not have any DIP switches or jumpers for setting the baudrate.

## Ring Mode

To allow one half-duplex serial device to communicate with multiple half-duplex devices connected to a fiber ring, you should configure the ICF-1150 for "ring mode" by setting DIP switch "SW3" to the "On" position. The Tx port of a particular ICF-1150 unit connects to the neighboring converter's Rx port to form the ring. Note that when one node transmits a signal, the signal travels around the ring until it returns back to the transmitting unit, which then blocks the signal. Users should ensure that the total fiber ring length is less than 100 km when using either single-mode models or multi-mode models.

## Features

- "Ring" or "Point to Point" transmission
- Extend RS-232/422/485 transmission distance:
> up to 40 km with single-mode-ICF-1150-S series
> up to 5 km with multi-mode-ICF-1150-M series
- Supports baudrates up to 921.6 kbps
- 3-way galvanic isolation (for -I models)
- Wide operating temperature from -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (for " $\mathrm{T}^{\prime \prime}$ models)
- C1D2, ATEX, and IECEx certified for harsh industrial environments


## Package Checklist

Before installing the ICF-1150, verify that the package contains the following items:

- ICF-1150 fiber converter
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card

NOTE: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

## Mounting Dimensions (unit: mm)

## ICF-1150-SC



ICF-1150-ST


## Top View



## Front View

Rotary Switch for Pull High/Low Resistor


## ATTENTION

## Electrostatic Discharge Warning!

To protect the product from damage due to electrostatic discharge, we recommend wearing a grounding device when handling your ICF-1150 product.

## Mounting

The aluminum DIN rail attachment plate should be fixed to the back panel of the ICF-1150 when you take it out of the box. If you need to reattach the DIN rail attachment plate to the ICF-1150, make sure the stiff metal spring is situated towards the top, as shown in the figures below.

STEP 1: Insert the top of the DIN STEP 2: The DIN rail attachment rail into the slot just below the stiff unit will snap into place as shown metal spring. below.


To remove the ICF-1150 series from the DIN rail, simply reverse Steps 1 and 2 above.

## Pin Assignment

| 51 | Pin | RS-232 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | - |
| $\cdots$ | 2 | TxD |
| 96 | 3 | RxD |
|  | 4 | - |
|  | 5 | GND |
|  | 6 | - |
|  | 7 | - |
|  | 8 | - |
|  | 9 | - |



| Pin | RS-422 | 4-wire RS-485 | 2-wire RS-485 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | GND | GND | GND |
| 2 | $R x-$ | $R x-$ | Data - |
| 3 | $R x+$ | $R x+$ | Data + |
| 4 | $T x-$ | $T x-$ | - |
| 5 | $T x+$ | $T x+$ | - |

## Fiber Cable

## SC-Port Pinouts

SC-Port to SC-Port Cable Wiring


ST-Port Pinouts


ST-Port to ST-Port Cable Wiring


## Cable Wiring

$A \longrightarrow A$
$B \longrightarrow B$

## ATEX and IECEx Information

1. Certification number:

DEMKO 10 ATEX 0917344X
IECEx UL 13.0044X
2. Ambient range: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{Tamb} \leq 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
3. Certification string: Ex nA IIC T4 Gc
4. Standards covered: EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, IEC 60079-0:

6th Ed; EN 60079-15:2010 IEC 60079-15:4th Ed
5. Conditions of safe usage:

- The equipment shall only be used in an area of not more than pollution degree 2, as defined in IEC 60664-1.
- The equipment shall be installed in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection not less than IP54, in accordance with IEC/EN 60079-15, and accessible only by the use of a tool.
- Transient protection shall be provided that is set at a level not exceeding $140 \%$ of the peak rated voltage value at the supply terminals to the equipment.
- The Terminal blocks $(J 1, J 2)$ are suitable for 12-28 AWG (3.31-0.08 $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ), with torque $=4.5 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$. The cross-sectional area of the PE conductor is $\mathrm{Sp}=3.31 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. The conductor used for grounding is same size as the power conductor.
- Conductors suitable for use in an ambient temperature of $91^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ must be used for the power supply terminal.


## ATTENTION

This is a Class 1 laser/LED product. Do not stare into the laser beam.

## Federal Communications Commission Statement

FCC: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## Switch Settings

There are 4 DIP switches on the front panel of the ICF-1150.

| Setting | Switch 1 | Switch 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RS-422 | ON | OFF |
| 2-wire RS-485 | OFF | ON |
| 4-wire RS-485 | OFF (default) | OFF (default) |


| Fiber Mode | Switch 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ring Mode | ON |
| Point to Point mode | OFF (default) |


| $\mathbf{1 2 0 \Omega}$ Terminator | Switch $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Enable | ON |
| Disable | OFF (default) |

## For Fiber Ring Users:

If the Rx LEDs of the converter glow continuously, remove the fiber cable and then reconnect. The Rx LEDs should no longer glow continuously

NOTE: "Ring Mode" can only be used for half-duplex applications.

## LED Indicators

There are 3 LEDs on the front panel of the ICF-1150.

| LED | Color | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PWR | Green | Steady ON: Power is ON |
| Fiber Tx | Green | When sending serial data from the fiber port |
| Fiber Rx | Yellow | When receiving data from the fiber port |

## Specifications

| Serial Communication | TxD, RxD, SGND |
| :--- | :--- |
| Signals for RS-232 | TxD+, TxD-, RxD+, RxD-, SGND |
| Signals for RS-422 | TxD+, TxD-, RxD+, RxD-, SGND |
| Signals for 4-wire RS-485 | Data+, Data-, SGND |
| Signals for 2-wire RS-485 | 50 bps to 921.6 Kbps |
| Baudrate |  |


| ESD protection | 15 kV ESD |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fiber Communication |  |
| Connector type | ST or SC |
| Distance | Single-mode fiber for 40 km Multi-mode fiber for 5 km |
| Support Cable | Single mode: <br> $8.3 / 125,8.7 / 125,9 / 125$ or $10 / 125 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ Multi-mode: <br> $50 / 125,62.5 / 125$, or $100 / 140 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Wavelength | ICF-1150-S: 1310 nm ICF-1150-M: 850 nm |
| TX Output | ICF-1150-S: > -8 dBm ICF-1150-M: > -8 dBm |
| RX Sensitivity | ICF-1150-S: -25 dBm ICF-1150-M: -25 dBm |
| Point-to-Point Transmission | Half or Full duplex |
| Multi-drop Transmission | Half duplex, fiber ring |
| Environmental |  |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( 32 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), 5 to $95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40\right.$ to $\left.185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ for -T Model |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( -40 to $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), 5 to $95 \%$ RH |
| Power |  |
| Input Power Voltage | 12 to 48 VDC, 195 mA (Max.) Class 2 |
| Power Line Protection | 4 kV Burst (EFT), EN61000-4-4 4 kV Surge, EN61000-4-5 |
| Reverse Power Protection | Protects against V+/V- reversal |
| Over Current Protection | Protects against 2 signals shorted together: 1.1 A |
| Power Consumption | ICF-1150-S/M-SC/ST: 156 mA @ 12 V ICF-1150I-S/M-SC/ST: 195 mA @ 12 V |
| Physical Characteristics |  |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D} \times \mathrm{H}$ ) | $30.3 \times 70 \times 115 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Material | Aluminum ( 1 mm ) |
| Gross Weight | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ICF-1150: } 118 \mathrm{~g} \\ & \text { ICF-1150I }: 135 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ |
| Regulatory Approvals |  |
| CE | Class B |
| FCC | Part 15 sub Class B |
| LVD | EN 60950-1 |
| EMI | EN55032 1998, Class B |
| EMS | EN 61000-4-2 (ESD): Contact: 8 kV ; Air: 15 kV EN 61000-4-3 (RS): 80 MHz to 1 GHz: $3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ <br> EN 61000-4-4 (EFT): Power: 4 kV ; Signal: 2 kV EN 61000-4-5 (Surge): Power: 4 kV; Signal: 1 kV EN 61000-4-6 (CS): 150 kHz to $80 \mathrm{MHz}: 3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ EN 61000-4-8 (PFMF) |
| Freefall | IEC 60068-2-32 |
| MTBF | ICF-1150: 2,298,766 hrs ICF-1150I : 1,770,450 hrs |
| Hazardous Certifications |  |
| ATEX | 10 ATEX 0917344X |
| IECEx | IECEx UL 13.0034X |

